

# Progress towards Open Access in Australasia and Asia Pacific

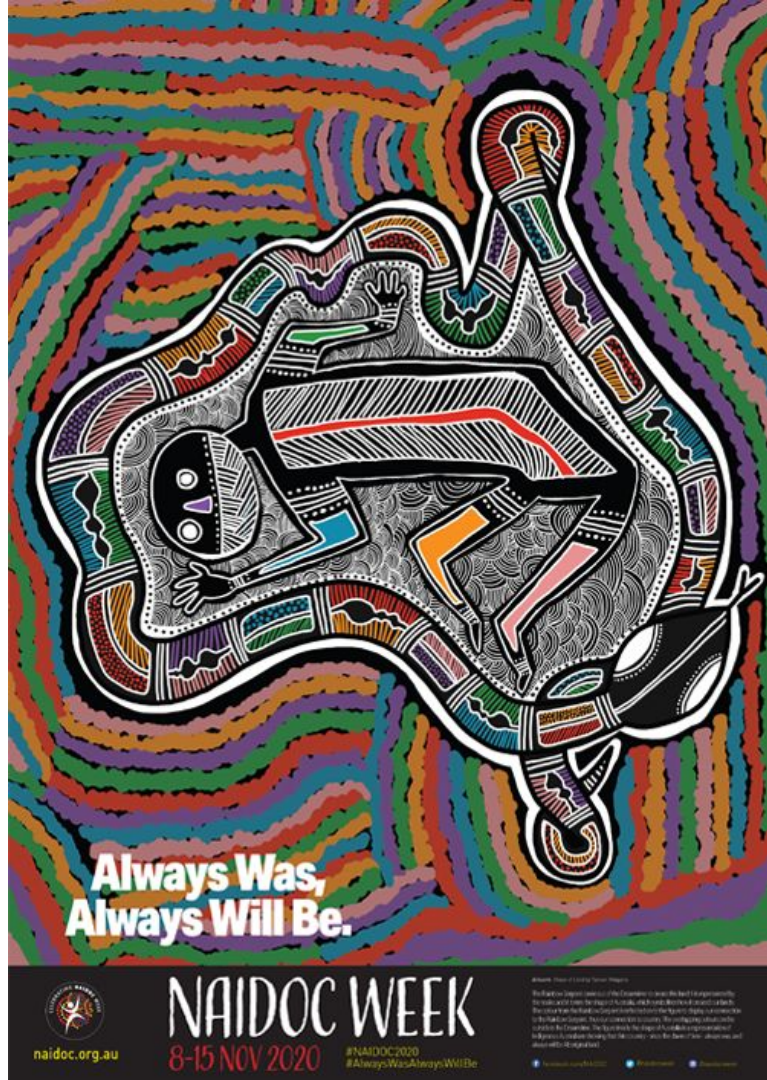
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CBMRT Transparency Webinar Series 2021

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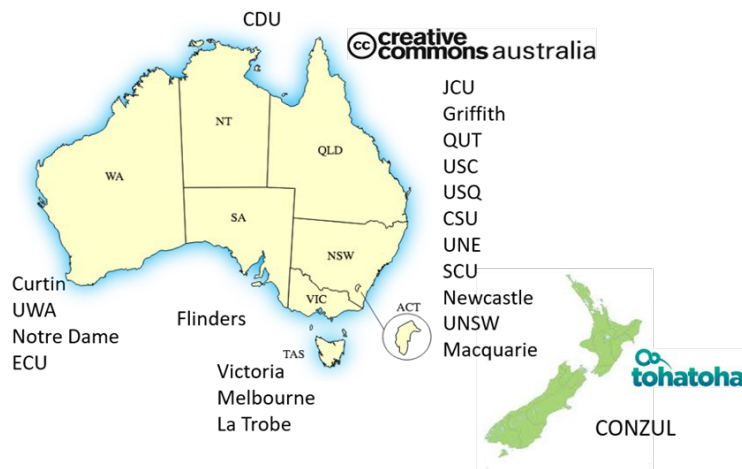




## Acknowledgment of Traditional Owners

<https://www.naidoc.org.au/>

# Who and where we are



# What we do



# Why is OA on the agenda, now more than ever?

COVID-19 is just the latest demonstration of the value of open and FAIR (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable) principles for research outputs.

- *'A completely new culture of doing research.'* Coronavirus outbreak changes how scientists communicate Science Feb. 26, 2020
- *Will the pandemic permanently alter scientific publishing?* Nature June 3, 2020

But calls led by international scientific bodies, including in Australia, were needed for this global open science effort.

- Open initiatives were not equally supported by all publishers
- Increasing evidence of the need for diverse approaches

# Open & FAIR developments are continuing globally

- Plan S
- UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science
- APEC Statement on Open Science

But in the end...

National strategies are essential  
to drive locally relevant approaches



**Asia-Pacific  
Economic Cooperation**

# Major challenges in achieving a national approach

## **Assessment**

- University rankings and researcher evaluation

## **Finances**

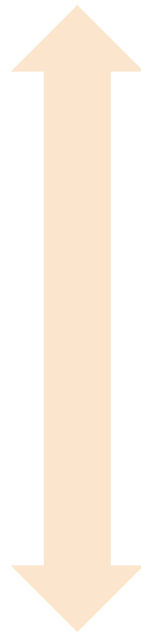
- Redistribution of finances

## **Publishers**

- Diversity of agendas

## **Researchers**

- Embedding open scholarship in research lifecycle



Keeping a complex  
system working as it  
changes

# Elements of an (ideal) national approach

- Overarching unified vision
- High level national body as sponsor
- Clearly articulated principles



- Specific actions for all relevant sectors
- Consultation and engagement across all sectors
- Incorporation of integrity and responsible research practices
- Recognition and reward for open research practices

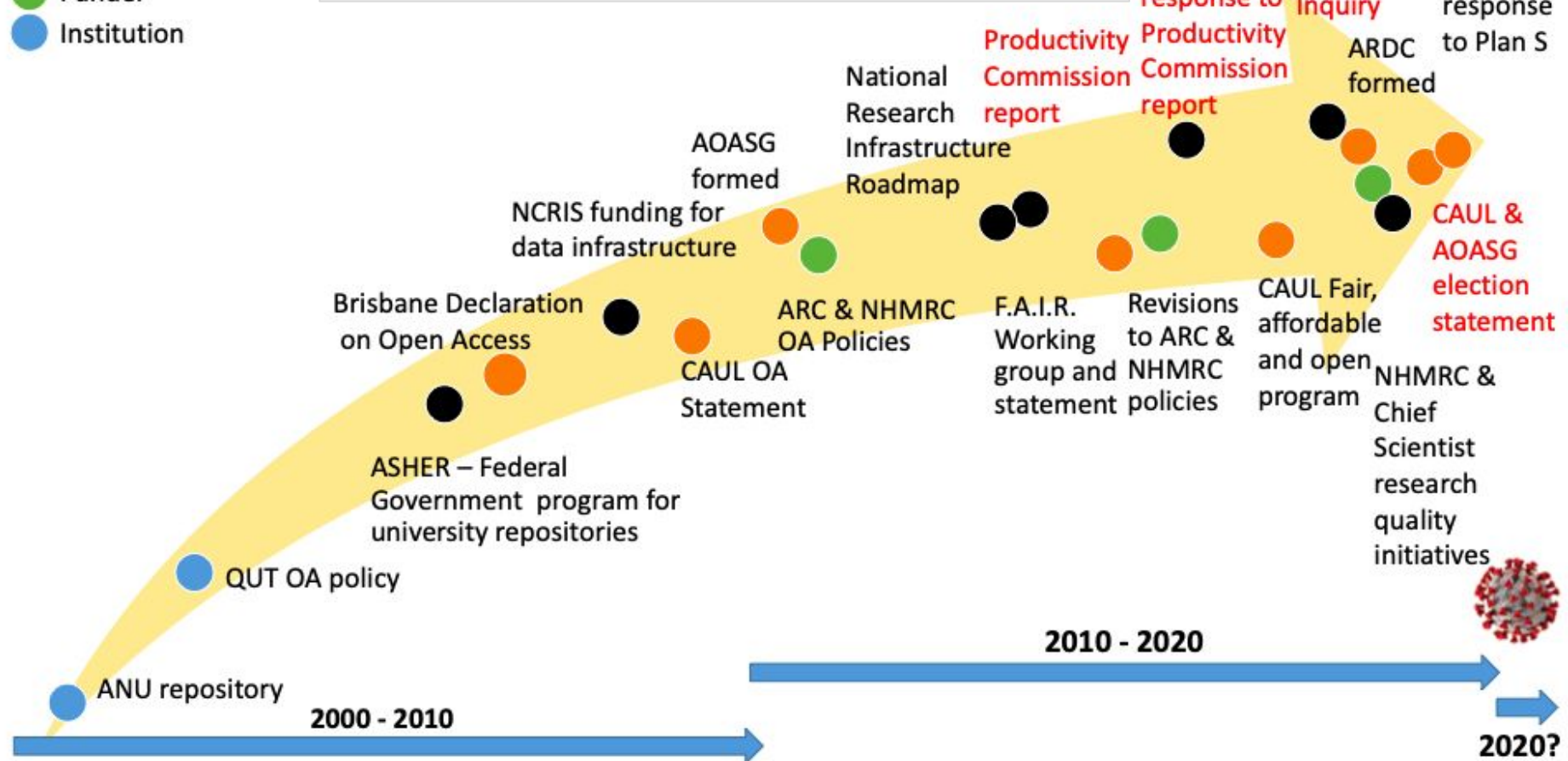


- Ongoing national implementation group
- Plan for milestones and reporting



- Peak/advocacy body
- Government
- Funder
- Institution

## 20 years of diverse initiatives on FAIR and open access in Australia





# Current situation in Australia: strengths

Two major funders - ARC and NHMRC - have OA policies

FAIR data practices supported nationally by ARDC

CAUL managing consortial negotiation of transformative agreements

National approach can work - Cochrane Library

AOASG and CAUL collaboration to drive open agenda

# Current situation in Australia: challenges

Institutions' approach to OA and data not coordinated

- Far from full OA or FAIR outputs

Responses to specific initiatives often siloed by sector and speciality

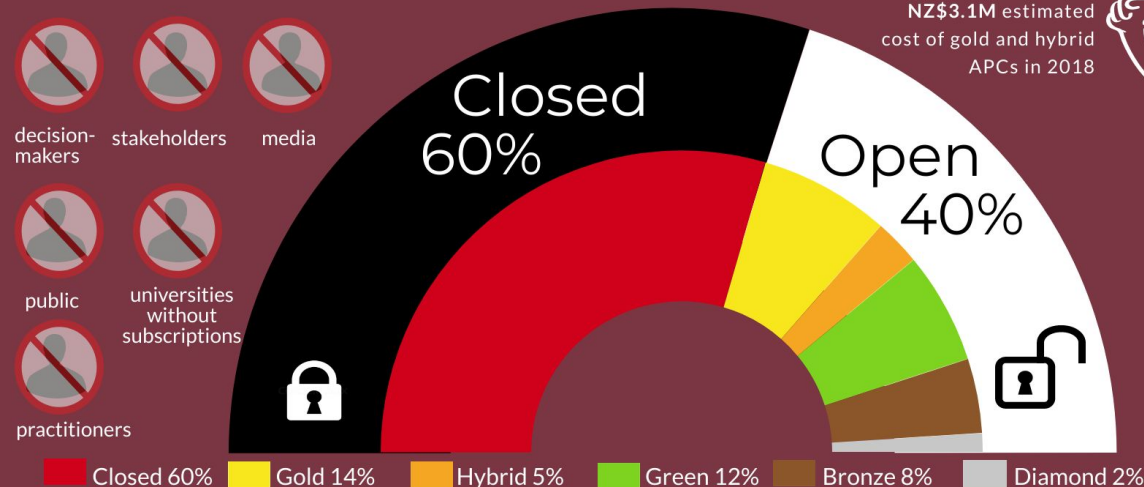
- No overarching coordination of support for open infrastructure

Costs neither contained nor transparent

- Many different organisations buy access to same content

# 3 out of 5 NZ publications are behind paywalls

NZ\$3.1M estimated  
cost of gold and hybrid  
APCs in 2018



## State of Open Access in New Zealand

*What do we know?*



## NZ universities could massively improve research accessibility

Publishers allow authors to deposit final manuscript copies in our research repositories but we don't. Taking advantage of this would catapult from the 40% shown above to 67%.

TWO out of every THREE publications would be available.

Greater access = greater impact  
(see Citation Advantage. )

2 out of 3



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# Malaysia



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**Malaysian Open Science Platform**  
Launched in November 2019 by the  
Ministry of Science, Technology and  
Innovation

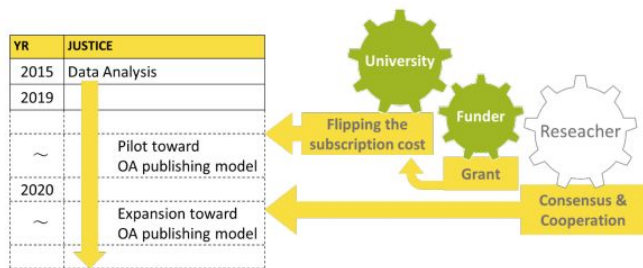
## Working Groups

- Policy and Guidelines
- Capacity Building & Awareness
- Infrastructure

Government support for agenda

# Japan

## 4. JUSTICE OA2020 Roadmap



## OA 2020 Roadmap

Transformative agreements including with Elsevier and ACS

Integrated platform that allows searching for research resources in a wide range of fields.



# Indonesia

Highest number of OA journals by country in DOAJ - 1776

Rujukan - cloud server dedicated to host national OA journals using OJS

RINarxiv - Preprint Server of Indonesia

National Scientific Repository (RIN)

2019 Law on National Knowledge System and Technology requires implementation of OA licences for research publication

Community of Practice - Open Access Indonesia



# References

## Australia

- <https://aoasg.org.au/submissions-to-government-other-public-inquiries/>
- <https://www.caul.edu.au/programs-projects/advancing-open-scholarship-fair>

## New Zealand

- <https://www.universitiesnz.ac.nz/sites/default/files/uni-nz/documents/Contextual%20Report%20Open%20Access%202020.pdf>

## Malaysia

- <https://www.akademisains.gov.my/mosp/>

## Japan

- <https://cir.nii.ac.jp/en/all>
- [https://www.nii.ac.jp/content/justice\\_en/documents/JUSTICE\\_OA2020roadmap-EN.pdf](https://www.nii.ac.jp/content/justice_en/documents/JUSTICE_OA2020roadmap-EN.pdf)

## Indonesia

- <https://theconversation.com/indonesia-publishes-the-most-open-access-journals-in-the-world-what-it-means-for-local-research-147421>
- <https://rujukan.lipi.go.id/>
- <http://rin.lipi.go.id/>

Thank you for listening!

Questions & feedback welcome

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